

For students
Student Book



More Info

Word Wisdom
Level 3

Word Wisdom

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A1~B2

4 Levels

【解鎖學習策略，成為英語字彙學霸】

- ▶ 一套符合美國課綱標準的字彙養成書，從閱讀情境中尋找線索，訓練推敲字義的單字學習策略，並介紹拉丁/希臘字根，有效拓展字彙量，並增進拼字技能。
- ▶ 全套共四冊 (Grades 3~6)，每冊依主題分為九個單元。每單元包含三個閱讀課程 (Lesson) 及複習與測驗 (Review and Practice Test)。書末附單字索引、單元重點單字及字根列表。
- ▶ 每單元的閱讀課程提供主題相關的閱讀文本，培養三種單字學習策略：
 - Lesson 1 發展從上下文理解字義的能力。
 - Lesson 2 介紹相關的拉丁/希臘字根。
 - Lesson 3 培養運用工具查詢字義的能力。
- ▶ 書末附上每冊的專屬字典及每單元的字彙、字根表，方便學生隨時練習查詢。

▶ 閱讀課程以一致的「Unlock、Process、Apply」
三步驟建構字彙學習策略

Unlock the Meanings

Many English words have a main part called a root. Knowing the meaning of the root can help you figure out the meaning of a new word. Each Latin root below has something to do with food.

Latin Root and Meaning	English Word and Meaning
sap, sav, sip (to taste)	savor (to taste with enjoyment)
nour, nur, nut (to feed)	nutritious (nourishing)
vor (to swallow)	devour (to eat greedily)
sat (enough)	satiated (to satisfy a hunger or desire)

Sort by Roots Find the Latin roots you just learned in the word list. Write each word in the correct section.

Latin Roots	Latin Roots
sap, sav, sip	nour, nur, nut
vor	sat

WORD LIST
herbivore
carnivore
insatiable
voracious
satiated
savory
nourish
saturate
nutrient
insipid

Process the Meanings

Choose the Correct Word Write the correct word from the word list to complete each sentence. You may have to add an ending. Then underline the words in the sentence that helped you make your choice.

- A lion is a _____ because it eats zebras.
- Drinking a jug of water should _____ Mac's thirst.
- Customers refused to eat the _____ stew because it had no flavor.
- After football practice, Deon had a _____ appetite.
- After I wiped up the spilled soda, my sponge was completely _____.
- Vitamins and minerals are important _____.

Find the Antonyms After each word below, write a word from the word list that is opposite or nearly opposite in meaning.

WORD	ANTONYM
insipid	_____
starve	_____

Apply What You've Learned

Demonstrate Word Knowledge Write a sentence that answers each question.

- What kinds of foods would a **savory** meal contain?
- If you had an **insatiable** interest in movies, what might you do?
- What are some **nutrients** in a good breakfast?
- What are some things that **herbivores** might eat?
- What are some things that a **carnivore** might eat?
- If the air were **saturated** with moisture, what could happen?
- When might you have a **voracious** appetite?
- Where could an athlete go to **sate** her need to exercise?
- How would **insipid** food taste?

Unit 1 Food

Lesson 1 Context Clues

Aunt Edna's KITCHEN

Eating well sometimes means dining in a restaurant. How do diners choose a restaurant? One way is by reading about the experience of an expert who has visited the restaurant.

Downtown Springfield has a new restaurant, Aunt Edna's Kitchen, and it's already a popular spot. I visited on a Saturday evening, and the place was filled with diners of all ages. The space is large and airy, and dividers with plants keep the noise level under control. The menu includes fish, meat, and poultry dishes. There are also vegetarian dishes prepared with products grown on local farms. The salad greens tasted so fresh that I could almost believe I had just plucked them from a garden. The dressing was light and not oily, and I sniffed a pleasant ginger aroma.

There were many appetizers to choose from, but I sampled two. The fried shrimp was crunchy and moist. I finished, trying not to devour them all. The potato rolls arrived still steaming and tasted heavenly. I limited myself to one so that I would still have room for the main dish. For the entree, I selected grilled chicken and pasta. The abundant serving was more than enough for one person. I savored the lemon and pepper flavors in the chicken. The pasta was wide, flavored noodles that were neither too soft nor too firm, but cooked just right.

The dessert offerings included thick chocolate cake, homemade ice cream and pudding, and a **nutritious** fruit plate for those who prefer healthy fare.

The chef is Roland Miller. He explained that he is also the owner of Aunt Edna's Kitchen and has been a baker and a restaurant manager. His restaurant is named after his aunt, an imaginative cook, whose recipes he still uses.

With its reasonable prices and polite and fast service, Aunt Edna's Kitchen is sure to become a Springfield favorite.

Lesson 2 Latin Roots

Diets in the Wild

Do you know someone who is a vegetarian? If you do, you know that vegetarians eat mostly plant products. They do not eat animal meat. On the other hand, there are also a lot of people who eat a diet rich in meaty foods. Animals in the wild have different kinds of diets, too.

In nature, a vegetarian animal is called a **herbivore**. An animal that eats mostly meat is called a **carnivore**. Lions are great examples of carnivores. Some people believe lions have an insatiable desire to kill prey and eat. But this is not exactly true. It is true that lions have a voracious appetite when food is available. But once they have been satiated, or satisfied, by a large meal, lions can go for days without eating. They will hunt only when they become hungry again.

When the members of a pride catch the scent of a prey animal, they all prepare for a feast. After a kill, lions eat in a certain order. Males eat first. When they are finished, females move in and fight each other to get a bite. Finally, when the adults have eaten, the young cubs get the chance to **nourish** their growing bodies. Usually only a few bones of the prey are left behind and, perhaps, a puddle of blood that has saturated the dirt.

Eating is a different process for herbivores than it is for most carnivores. Herbivores need to eat a large quantity of food. Elephants are herbivores. An elephant will spend most of its day—every day—eating. In fact, an adult elephant can eat between two and three hundred pounds of food a day! A large variety of food also helps elephants get all the nutrients their bodies need. They eat leaves, twigs, fruits, flowers, and grasses, among other things. We humans prefer to eat food with a lot of flavor. But elephants will eat even insipid foods, such as tree bark and plant roots.

Although humans are a part of the animal kingdom, we don't eat exactly like the carnivores and herbivores of the wild. In our time, we're a bit more finicky about what we eat.

Lesson 3 Reference Skills

Foods Around the World

Imagine that you are on a fun vacation in England. You go to a nice restaurant for dinner, but the menu is filled with foods you do not recognize. You order "black pudding" because at least you know what pudding is. When it arrives at your table, you realize that black pudding is sausage made from the blood of a pig! Yuck!

Food preferences are different all over the world. What we think is disgusting to eat, people in other countries might enjoy. Let's take a look at some of the foods eaten in other parts of the world.

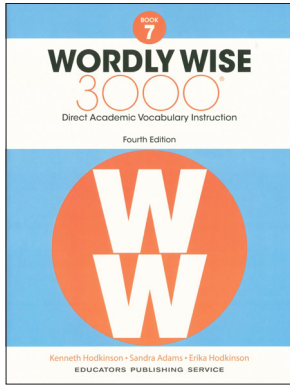
In the Philippines, there is a traditional meal called "chocolate pork" stew, or *adigang*. Don't let the word *chocolate* fool you, though. It might sound sweet, but it is not a confection. It is a concoction of pig blood mixed with pig parts, such as the head, liver, and heart. While you and I might find this dish **distasteful**, it is very popular in that country.

A **sumptuous** meal in China is monkey brains. Some people in Tibet enjoy drinking *sok milk* that is **raised** instead of being fresh and unspiced. Certain tribes in Africa drink the fresh blood of the animals they kill. And down under in Australia, kangaroo meat is becoming more and more popular.

People in some parts of the world also enjoy eating insects. If you found worms in your food, you would probably think it was **contaminated** and throw it away. But in Korea, people eat worms. And people in many countries eat grasshoppers and crickets. Some people even eat chocolate-covered ants. And you thought french sprouts were gross!

▶ 每單元以豐富的閱讀課程培養三種單字學習策略。

字彙 · 慣用語 — Vocabulary/Idioms



For students

Student Book + Quizlet Access Code*

* 密碼卡有效期限為印製日期後24個月，登入後可使用12個月，印製日期請參考書內的版權頁。

For teachers

- Teacher's Resource Book
- Teacher's Resource Pack*
- Concept Cards*
- Picture Cards*
- Answer Key**
- Test**

* Book K & 1
** Book 2~12



Quizlet

Wordly Wise 3000® (Fourth Edition)

Kenneth Hodkinson et al.
Educators Publishing Service
A1~C1

13 Levels

最有系統的學術字彙用書

- ▶ 一套依據美國課綱所編寫的學科字彙養成書，每個級數的字彙緊密結合美國課綱各級教科書中的常見單字，再分別依重要程度、實用性及難易度挑選單字，分成 13 冊 (Books 2~12，各冊 20 個單元)。
- ▶ 每課以一致的學習步驟，自單字定義的解釋、字義練習應用，到主題討論、輕量寫作任務，系統式規劃字彙學習策略：
 - 「Word List」提供單字詞性、字義及例句，部分單字搭配討論活動。
 - 以 ABCD 四大題提供多樣的單字練習活動，引導學習者正確用字及掌握同義字/反義字。
 - 「Vocabulary Context」引導學習者藉由閱讀上下文深度學習應用字彙。
 - 「Vocabulary Extension」藉由課堂討論與寫作提示，引導學習者结合自身經驗延伸字彙應用。
- ▶ Books 2~12 附 Quizlet 線上平台練習及遊戲，提升學生學習的動力。

透過閱讀文本深化字彙理解與應用力。

Lesson 1 Word List

Study the definitions of the words. Then do the exercises that follow.

avid *av id*
adj. 1. Having a strong desire for, to the point of greed.
Avid for the attention of their babysitter, the children shouted about on the floor.
2. Eager; enthusiastic.
Kiara is an avid skateboarder who spends each weekend at the skate park.
Tell your partner about a hobby or sport you are avid about.

brusque *brusk*
adj. Abrupt in manner or speech; gruff.
The coach's brusque speech at halftime showed how unhappy the players were.
brusqueness *n.* The quality or state of being brusque.
With a brusqueness unlike her, Melanie ended the phone call.

concise *kan sis*
adj. Short and to the point.
"No Shoes, No Shirt, No Service" is a concise way of explaining the store's policy.
Make a concise statement to your partner about your plans tonight.

demean *di men*
v. To cause a lowering of self-esteem; to lower in reputation or honor.
Don't demean yourself by trying to act like those bullies.
demeaning *adj.* Degrading.
June felt that being scolded in front of her friends was demeaning.

despicable *des pik a bal*
adj. Deserving contempt or scorn.
Stealing from the class treasury was a despicable thing to do.

emulate *em yoo lit*
v. To try to equal; to imitate.
Musicians around the world have tried to emulate Louis Armstrong's trumpet playing.
Talk to your partner about someone you try to emulate in an activity.

1E Vocabulary in Context
Read the passage.

A Poet of the People

Maya Angelou was honored by William Jefferson Clinton when he invited her to read a poem she had written to celebrate his inauguration. This was a fitting tribute because her early life had seemed so empty of promise when she was a young girl in St. Louis, Missouri, sixty-four years before she read that life **consciously** in these lines from one of her poems: "... hard / and dying is mean / and living's a trial in between."

When she was still a small child, her parents divorced; she and her older brother Bailey were raised by their grandmother, Annie Henderson, affectionately known as Momma. Mrs. Henderson was the proprietor of a general store in Stamps, Arkansas, owned by an African American man. Her first book, *I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings*, Angelou evokes the powerful presence as she lovingly describes the way her grandmother with the bigotry and racial hatred that was widespread in the country in the 1930s. It was this resilience that most impressed Angelou and which she tried to emulate throughout her life.

One example of such bigotry involved a visit to the dentist. As she was suffering from an excruciating toothache, Momma had no choice but to take her granddaughter to the town's only dentist, who was white. He asked him to treat the little girl's toothache, he rebuffed her, using demeaning language. He told her that he would rather put his hands in her mouth than treat a black person. Momma reminded him that she was his in the past by making him interest-free loans; now she was as

Word List: avid, brusque, concise, demean, despicable, emulate, evoke, excruciating, inaugurate, pervade, proprietor, pseudonym, rebuff, resilient, turbulent

12. What details in the passage suggest that Bertha Flowers's treatment of Angelou was not **brusque**?

13. How is *I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings* a positive book?

14. How do you know that Angelou did not **rebuff** President Clinton's request for a poem?

15. What is the meaning of **avid** as it is used in the passage?

Fun & Fascinating FACTS

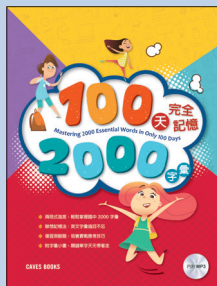
The original meaning of the verb **demean**, "to conduct oneself," suggested neither good nor bad behavior. (Jane's young cousins **demeaned** themselves in a proper manner during their stay with her.) Even though this meaning continues, a second meaning, "to act in a way that lowers one's reputation or character," has largely replaced it. (You **demean** yourself by asking favors of someone who you have treated so badly.)

The original meaning of the noun **demeanor**, which means "the manner in which one behaves or conducts oneself," (No one could tell from Alonso's **demeanor** that he was very angry.)

Pseudonym, a false name used by writers and others in place of their real name, is formed from the Greek roots *pseudo*, "false," and *onym*, "name."

▲ 清晰的字彙表有助降低字彙記憶負擔。

▲ 每課以 Fun & Fascinating FACTS 介紹字彙的趣味新知。



100天完全記憶 2000字彙

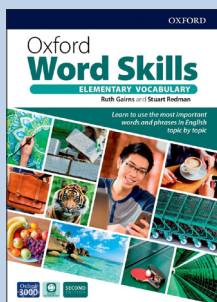
Caves Publishing

A2

- 精心安排 2000 字彙在 100 天內分兩階段背誦，考前衝刺最佳書籍。
- 獨創上下文聯想記憶法，並補充動詞變化、同反義詞及搭配語等實用字彙，有效學一反三、擴充學生單字量。
- 針對必備單字，提供四回複習測驗，熟悉單字題型、加強應試能力。特別適用國中會考與 GEPT 初級應試程度。
- 附贈 MP3 及隨身攜帶字彙小書，有效運用學習時間。
- 習題解答供團訂用戶參考使用。

For students

Student Book + MP3



Oxford Word Skills

Second Edition

Ruth Gairns and Stuart Redman

Oxford University Press

A1~C1

- 全套共三冊，透過不同題材的文章及多樣化的題型練習、主題，包括語言溝通、日常生活瑣事、人際關係、各式活動等，幫助學習者充分掌握字彙的運用。
- 不同於一般坊間按字母順序的編排方式，改以「主題式」分類呈現並搭配具情境的上下文，幫助學生通盤了解慣用語/片語的正確用法，讓學習者的聽說讀寫實力同步精進。
- 另有 *Idioms and Phrasal Verbs* 套書可參考，內容涵蓋學生準備英檢考試必識的動詞片語和慣用語。每個級數提供超過 1,000 個常見的動詞片語和慣用語。
- 適用於自學、課堂教學，亦附 Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary App，提供該冊單字的發音練習、字彙查詢功能等。

Oxford Word Skills (2/e)
(Basic/ Intermediate/
Advanced)

Student Book + App

Idioms and Phrasal Verbs
(Intermediate/ Advanced)

Student Book*

*Advanced 級數附解答。

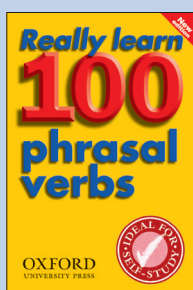
App 下載



Android



iOS



Really Learn 100 Phrasal Verbs

New Edition

Oxford University Press

B1

- 本書教授常用重點片語，加強讀者正確使用片語的能力。
- 書後附習題解答，複習單元解答直接置於考題後。
- 每單元以三至四個活動呈現：
 - Study：認識片語。
 - Check：從意義及文法切入片語使用，題型為選擇或填空。
 - Practice：以習題測試學生之吸收程度。
 - Build your vocabulary：提供同義、反義及相關詞彙等，促使學生融會貫通。
- 可搭配 *Really Learn 100 Phrasal Verbs for Business* 使用。

For students

Student Book